

Watano wafariki kwa ajali ya moto Dar

NA MUSSA KHALID,
DAR ES SALAAM

WATE) watano wa familia moja wakazi wa kati ya Pupu Shabani Namisasa ya ilalo jipji Dar es Salaam wanetaka daima mireku wa koomidia jita kwa ajali ya moto.

Imeweweza apali hiyo ambayo tildeka katika nyumbu za Edward Jelani Katemi ambayo tildeka tafsi wa familia hiyo imewababishwa na habili ya umeme majita ya sisi nne za ujukani.

Akitanya mafanikiano na gazeti hili katika eneo hi tukio jana jipji Dar es Salaam Edward Katemi amesemewa waliufariki kati kwa ajali hiyo ni pempo ya Mike waki Jackline Frent. Mdogo waki Ester Katemi na wafoto wake watafuji Edwin Katemi. Edwin Katemi patajua na Fiston Katemi.

Katemi alivemwa umeme tilikwa tama-kalaka tangu magra ya asilimbi hiyo uliyoyordhi ukazama kisha sikundu ukiswaka tenia ukashanzia mili ikanda kipwaka na hiyo kuisababisha moto kipwaka eneo zima la nyumbu.

"Wakali naundi nyumba ni katika kwenye mhabaki yao kati kwenye mhabaki yao kwenye chini cha ikunda ni kipwaka cheze nchini umeme ukalipuka hiyo kipwaka ukumia kwa ni magari kufanya jili fuda ze kufanya mhabaki kipwaka dushindikana," alivemwa bitemi.

Kwa upende wake Mwendekeli wa Pupu Shabani Shukuru Mohamedi Mwingi alivemwa alipokea lantaka magra ya sisi sali miledi kipwaka kwa mwisho nchi.

wake kwa nyumba hiyo miete hifadhi ya umeme na kiganzia kipwaka.

Mwingi alivemwa mwananchi alimwambala waliufariki kipwaka kwenye nyumba hiyo na kintu mili hiyo kusturi kusajidikela hospitali ya Nguvuza Chanzu.

Ramanda Msaidhi wa Jeshi la Polisi ACP Janet Magombe alitabidisha kisiteka kwa rukio halo amba po alivemwa familia hiyo ya watu watali wanetaka kwenyajidikana," alivemwa bitemi.

"Baada ya kipwaka mili hiyo imewakata watu hawajajimia hamna

imabili wampate majira ba matyowmekata moshu wapoleka (Hospita) Chamazi kipwaka upendeza uaden-deza kupu basa thamuzi chake na habari hizi ni za ukweli kabaya," alivemwa ACP Magom.

Katika Hifadhi nyingine ACP Magombe alivaleke wantanchi kwa makanikia kipindi cha nyuswa basa wanetaka mahibuni kuhakua ta-hathari di kurupulana na mathara yanayowera kipokeza yanayosellishishwa na nyuswa

Wawili kizimbani kwa kuisababishia TCRA hasara ya Mil. 267.6

NA MWANDISHI WETU,
DAR ES SALAAM

WAKAZI wawili wa jipji Dar es Salaam wanetaka kati ya Hukumu Mkaa kisutu wasikababishwa na mshafaka miongoni likiwezo la kuisababishia. Membukia ya Mawasiliano Tanzania (TCRA) hasara ya Sh. milioni 267.6.

Katika hati ya mshafaka hiyo somwa na mhabaki hapo na wakili wa verai kwa Mwandishi Wainko Simon akisaidi ana na wakili wa Serikali Jackline Nyantori na Yu asub. Aboud imewataja wasikababishwa hiyo kuwa ni Baraka Mtunzi (44) a mbindezi na mkaizi wa Mikoroni na Ntanyabushara Rajabu Katunda (42) anayenzi Kinondoni.

Mbele ya Hukumu Mkaa ya Mikoroni kisutu Mawasiliano wanetaka kati ya Desemba 13, 2019 na Sep-

temba 28 mwaka huu katika maelezo ya Hifadhi ya Tarbi ya Swahili katika ki-jiji Chini Kijinjiwa vilayani Rungwe na mkoani Pwani na maelezo ya jipji Dar es Salaam wasikababishwa kwa patapo wanetaka gengi la abadi kosa denje la kipoktar hapa.

Hendeleo kudhaka kuwa siku na mhabaki hapo tupo wasikababishwa han walihimka na kuthimia vifaa vya mawasiliano vya kielettroniki hilo kuwa ni leseni ya TCRA hili pmi wasikababishwa kuthimia vifaa vya kielettroniki kusababiza mhabaki wa interneti hila kuwa na leseni.

Aidha katika shikika la nne filiosomwa na wakili Nyantori amefanya wasikababishwa wakiwa na mili ya kukwepa kipinde malipo halili ya mtandao, walismabaza hadhuma ya mtandao (WiFi) isiyio halili na kuisababishia kwa TCRA hasara ya Sh. 267,656,794.30.



Wantu wakipata maelezo ya ulugaji hizi wa semaki kufika kwa Umoja wa Mawasiliano, Nelson Mbonye wakil mukilembeza mhabaki ya Waziri ya Mitendo na Umoja kwenye muonekesho ya Maadhimisho ya Soko ya Chakula Dar es Salaam yanayoundeleza kwenye Viwanja ya Mjumbe wa kifaa mkaani Nyumba Oktoba 10-16, 2020.

Ketika shikika la sida inedaiwa wasikababishwa hili kwa pampera waliphusisha na miamala hiyo ya katedha hili wakijua fedha hili ni zin la makosa ya kuthimia vifaa vya mawasiliano kwa ulagha za uhalifu wa kupangwa.

Hili hiyo wasikababishwa

hawakuruhusuwa kupitia kitu chochote mhabaki nti hapo kwa kuwa mhabaki hili haina momilaka ya kusikiliza kesi za uhujumu uchumi ambazo kwa kawaida kusikilizwa mhabaki hili.

Kwa mujibu wa upande wa mshafaka upetelezi wa

kesi hiyo bariki hili mhabaki nti hapo kwa kuwa mhabaki hili haina momilaka ya kusikiliza kesi za uhujumu uchumi ambazo kwa kawaida kusikilizwa mhabaki hili.

Tanzanite gazeti hutolewa na CZ Information & Media Consultant Ltd, Dar es Salaam
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CHUMBA CHA HABARI

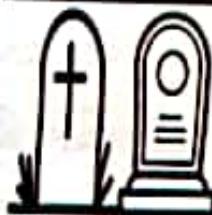
Mawasiliano Bank
Mbarizi Mhoni
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Mawakala wa mkaani watumu pesa za mafun kwa namba ya OASB
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NMB Benki: 20110026411

UGONJWA WA KICHAACHE MBWA UNAVYOUA

Watu 70,000
hufariki kila
mwaka duniani,
huku 1500
hufariki kila
mwaka nchini



miaka 15 ↓
Ndilo kundi
linaloshambuliwa
zaidi



65%
Kiwango cha mbwa
waliopata chanjo
lengo likiwa ni 70%
ifikapo 2030



Iwapo utang'ahwa na
mbwa unashauriwa
kufanya yafuatayo



Safisha majeraha kwa
sabani au spiriti na maji
tinirika kwa dakika 15



Wahi kituo cha Afya
kilicho karibu kwa
matibabu zaidi



Chanzo: Wizara ya Afya, Maendeleo ya
Jamii, Jinsia, Wazee na Watoto/WHO

Usanifu: Aveline Kitomary

KICHAACHE MBWA HAKIAMBUKIZWI KWA KULA NYAMA YAKE - DAKTARI

Uk. iv

15/10/2020

Ruvuma
yaweka mkakati
kulifanya
Mbambabay
kitovu cha utalii
UK 14

Unicef yaomba
Sh23 kuhudumia
wakimbizi nchini
UK 16

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ALHAMISI, OKTOBA 15, 2020

Ushumi

MWANANCHI

SIRI YA UMAARUFU WA VITUMBUA
BARABARA YA TISA DODOMA UK 16 - 17 >

Nasra Abdallah, Mwananchi
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Safari ya kusafata uburu wa kuchumi kwa Ester Ng'amio (53), mkaizi wa Tegeta Salasala jijini Dar es Salaam haituwa lelemama. Amepanda akashuka mlima na mabonde.

Akianza na mtaji wa Sh.300,000, mama huyu alizamika kuacha kazi aliyotumika kwa mkaizi saba na kujikita kwenye ufugaji kuku ambao kwa sasa sio tu umebadhi mawasha yake bali ya familia za watu 25 aliowaajiri wakwamo warunza bustani, kuku na wata-tengeneza koki.

Ester, mama wa watoto wawili, amedumu kwenye ufugaji kwa zaidi ya mkaizi 25 sasa basa ya kuachana na mwajiri wake, Shirkta la Elimu Kibaha.

Dhamura ya kujikita kwenye uja siri mali ilitokana na usumbufu aliokuwa akupata muda mfupi baada ya kuolewa mwaka 1990. Yeye na mumewewe walikuwa wanawshi Dar es Salaam huyu akawa analizimika kwenda Kibaha kila siku. Kutokana na ugumu wa usafiri kipindi hicho, akaacha kazi.

"Nilikaa mikafikira adha ya kila siku kupunda daladala kwenda na kursi Kibaha, kipindi hicho na usafiri ulikuwa ni wa tabu, nikaamua kujagiria katika ufugaji," anasema Ester.

Alivyoanza ufugaji

Hata akiwa bado kazini, Ester anasema alikuwa anaufuga kuku nyumbani kwake, maeneo ya Kitonyonya walikopanga.

Kipindi hicho anasema alikuwa akifuga kati ya kuku 500 hadi 1,000 wa nyama. Mambo yalibadilika kuanzia mwaka 2000 utani yake alipomweleza kubiusi kuuwa kwa eneo linalouzwa Salasala.

"Kwa kuwa nilikau nina hamu ya kuongeza kuku, nibenda kupaona na nilirimdhika napo. Nilimama eneo hilo la ekari nne kwa awamu tano. Nimejengwa nyumba ya kushishi, kuweka mifugo na nalima,"



Ujasiriamalli

Kutana na Ester katika simulizi ya ufugaji uliompa ubilionea

25

Mkaizi ambayo Ester Ng'amio amejilita kwenye ufugaji haku.

"Kuimba kuku minimo wa nyama impeka anaflia muda wa kufaa kuuzwa ni Shs.500 wakati wa mwezi anagharamu Shs.7,000."

anasema.

Wakati anahamia huko, anasema alikuwa na kuku 1,000 ilia sasa wamefika 16,000 wote wakawa wa mayai kwani kutokana na kuyumba kwa soko wakati wa corona, alischanza na wale wa nyama.

Kwa kuku alionao, kwa siku anasema huwa anasikota zaidi ya trei 250. Kabilia hajaachana na,

anasema kwa wili alikuwa anauza kuku 5,000 wa nyama lakini kufungwa kwa hoteli kipindi cha corona kuhondo wateja wake muhimu. "Kumkusa kuku imimo wa nyama impaka anaflia muda wa kufaa kuuzwa ni Shs.4,500 wakati wa mayai anagharamu Shs.7,000," anasema.

Ingawa alianza kwa Shs300,000 zilizotokana na akiha yake, anas-

ema kuna mambu mengi yame-tokez ndani ya mkaizi 25 ya ufugaji wake yaliyochangia kukuzza mtaji ambao sasa ni zaidi ya Shs.100,000.

Hapa anaitaja Benki ya Akiba (ACB) kuwa mkombozi wake kwani imemelea tangu mwaka 1992 alipokuwa anaanza impaka sasa. "Nilianza kukopa Shs500,000. Nikututaji mikopo,

naupata ndani ya wili moja hiyo kuniwezesha kudanya shughuli zangu kwa wakati," anasema.

Oifisa mikopo wa Benki ya ACB, Melckisdedec Mubeseti anasema ukilachilia mbali wasimifika alinao, Ester ni mfanyakubushara anayetunza kumbukumbu zake kimaandishi jambo linalewarahisishua kujua mahali yake.

INAENDELEA UK 14



CHAGUA CCM

Utatuzi wa kero za wafugaji unavyompaisha Rais Magufuli

■ Watangaza kwamba kura zao zitakwenda kwa CCM

NA LILIAN JOEL, ARUSHA

TANZANIA ni mionganini mwa nchi zilizobarikiwa kuwa na idadi kubwa ya mifugo ya aina mbalimbali.

Inakadirisha asilimia 62 ya wakazi wa vijini na 23 ya wakazi wa mijini wanafuga aina mbalimbali za mifugo, ikwemo kuku, mbuzi, ng'ombe, nguruwe na mifugo mingine.

Kwa mujibu wa vizara ya mifugo inakadirisha wasanii wa ng'ombe milioni 33.4, mbuzi milioni 21.3, kondoo milioni 5.6, nguruwe milioni 2.1 milioni, punda milioni 657,389 na kuku wa asili na wa kisasa wapatoa milioni 83.3

Mifugo hii huchangia ukuaji wa uchumi na pato la taifa kwa asilimia 7.4, ambapo katika mwaka 2019/2020 sekta ilikua kwa asilimia tano.

Sekta ya mifugo, licha ya kuchangia uchumi na pato la tarifa, ni nguzo muhimu katika usalama wa chakula nichini, ambapo huziba pengo ambalo bila uwepo wa mifugo serikali ingelazimika kutumia fedha nyingi za kigeni kuagiza kutoka nije ya nchi nyaima, maziwa, ngozi, mayai, kuku na bidhaa mbalimbali za mifugo.

Kutokana na serikali kutambua umuhimu mkubwa wa sekta ya mifugo, wafugaji nichini, kuna kila sababu ya kumuunguza mikononi mgombea urais kwa tiketi ya Chama Cha Mapinduzi(CCM), Dk.John Magufuli.

Akuzungumza kwa nyakati tofauti katika ziara ya mikoa mbalimbali hapa nichini ya kusikiliza kero ya zinazowakabilii wafugaji wanaishi pembezoni mwa hifadhi za taifa, mapori tengefu, mapori ya akiba na maeneo ya wafugaji ya magonjwa na wakulima, Mwenyeikiti wa Chama Cha Wafugaji Tanzania (CCWT), Jeremiah Wambura anasema, wafugaji (CCWT), Jeremiah Wambura anasema, wafugaji wameamua kwa kauli moja kumuunguza mikononi Rais Dk.Magufuli, kutokana na mchango wake mkubwa katika sekta ya mifugo hata kabilo ya kushika na fasihi.

Wambura anasema, wafugaji hawawezi kuwa wafugaji bila kuwa na mifugo inayoliindwa kshena.

Anasema mwaka 2008-2010 mifugo ilikuwa inauwawa kwa kupigwa risasi wanapoingia katika

mapori tengefu na hifadhi za taifa, lakin Rais Dk.Magufuli alipokuwa waziri katika kipindi hiyo, alihakikisha sheria ya ustawi na haki za mifugo ya mwaka 2010 matutupwa.

"Baada ya sheria hiyo kuperishwa bungeni,Rais Dk.Magufuli alipokuwa waziri alihakikisha kanuni zinatunzwa na kusini.

Leo mifugo hauwau, baada ya kuchaguliwa mwaka 2015 ameendelea kuwatambua wafugaji na kuwaongeza maeneo ya malisho, kugesha mifugo, malambo ya mifugo kurywea maji na hii ni sababu kubwa ya kuhakikisha anakuwa rais,aendee kulinda maslahi yetu,"anasema.

Anasema,lili ya CCM ya mwaka 2020-2025 imelenga kumarashi haduma za maji, malisho na vyakula vya mifugo, kwa kubainishwa na kutenga maeneo ya ufugaji kwa kutambua, kupima, kusajili na kumlikisha kwa wafugaji ili kuongeza maeneo yaliyotengwa kutoka hektaki milioni 2,788,901 17 hadi hektaki milioni sita.

Anasema, lili ya CCM inasema itaelekeza serikali kuongeza malambo na mabwawa ya maji ya mifugo kutoka 1,384 yaliyokuwepo awali hadi 1,842 na visima 103 hadi 225, ili kurahisisha upatikanaji wa maji kwa ajili ya mifugo.

Kutusu uogeshajili wa mifugo amesema, lili hiyo imesema maeneo yote yenye majosho katika vijii vyote nichini yataktambuliwa, kupimwa na kupatwa hati malihi, ili mifugo uogeshewe bila kubughudhwa.

"Lili hi ni rafiki kwa wafugaji, inasema kila kujipenye mifugo kitakuwa na joshi limafanya kazi kwa kuzingatia ratiba ya uogeshajili wa mifugo na kutoa dawa za ruzuku ya kuanzia, kwa ajili ya kuogeshesh mifugo kwa kuzingatia bei elekezi inayotolewa na serikali."

Anasema, kuanzia sasa mifugo haitakuwa ovo, kwa sababu lili hiyo imewekwa bayana kuwa, kaboresha haduma za mifugo kwa kuhakikisha mikoa 18 kati ya 26 nichini, ambayo haina vituo vya uchunguzi wa magonjwa ya mifugo, vinajengwa vituo vya kisasa vya uchunguzi wa magonjwa utakao kwendwa sambamba na kila wilaya hapa nichini kuwa na maabara na kilimani ya mifugo.

Anaongeza, pli lili inasema itahamasisha sekta binafsi kuwekeza kwenye ujenzi wa viwanda vidogo, vya kati na vikubwa, kwa lengo la kuongeza thamani mazao yatokanayo na mifugo na kuhakikisha malighafi baki ambazo ni pembe, kwato, manyoya na mifupa bauza ya kurchinjia mifugo zinaizingwa kwenye mnyororo wa thamani, ili kutengeneza bidhaa mbalimbali.

Kuhamasisha wafugaji kujinga katika vilundi au vyama

vya ushirika na kuwaunganisha na taasisi za fedha, kwa ajili

ya kupatwa mikopo ya kuwawezesha kukuza sekta ya mifugo nichini.

Lili ya CCM ya mwaka 2020-2025 ni lili ya kipekee haswa katika ufugaji, ambapo imegusa maeneo yote yanayohusu sekta hi kwa uchumi wa nichini.

Hivyo, sisii wafugaji iwa sababu tuna imani kubwa na Rais Magufuli tumekubaliana kwa paraja kuuwa tutahakikisha anapata ushindi wa kishindo kwa sababu ni mwadilifu na mchupakazi akahidi anatekeleza,"anasema.

Mwenyeikiti wa Malaigwanani wa Kanda ya Arusha na Manyara Lengeti Lemkoko, anasema wafugaji wana kila sababu ya kumchagua Dk. Magufuli kutokana na dharmira ya dhati aliyonyesha kwa kipindi cha miaka mitano ya kuteetea maslahi ya wafugaji hapa nichini.

Kwa mujibu wa Lemkoko, Rais Magufuli anawathamini wafugaji na amewapa heshima kubwa katika kipindi cha uongeza wake kwa kuunda tume na waziri kutoka vizara nane ambayo, imezunguka maeneo mbalimbali nichini kwa ajili ya kututua migogoro inayowakabilii wafugaji na wakulima, wafugaji na maeneo ya mapori tengefu na hifadhi za Taifa.

"Wakati tume hiyo ikiendelea na kazi kutembelea maeneo yenye migogoro, Rais Magufuli alitoa tamko wananchi wote wanaishi pembezoni mwa maneno yenye migogoro wasibughudhie na mtu yeyote,

halii ambayo imetupa matumaini makubwa kwa sababu asilimia kubwa walikuwa wafugaji,"alisistiza kiongozi huyo.

Anasema kipindi cha miaka mitano ya Rais Magufuli iwa Wilaya ya Monduli amerejesha hekeri zaidi ya 1,000 za mashamba, zilokokuwa zinamikia na wawekezaji walokouwa wameshindwa kuendeleza iwa miaka mingi.

"Mwenyeikuti Wambura mpelekeee mgombes urais kwa tiketi ya CCM Dk. John Magufuli salam zetu kwamba zive na amani Oktoba 28 mwaka huu jami yote ya kifugaji kabla ukunda huu tumekubaliana tutampiga kura zote za "indio", ili aendelee kuongza nchi iwa miaka mitano mingine kwa sababu tangu ainge madarakanii mwaka 2015 ametatu kero mbalimbali za wafugaji hapa nichini".

Mwenyeikuti wa Baraza la Wafugaji Wilaya ya Ngorongoro, Edward Maura anasema, wilaya ya Ngorongoro itaongoza kwa kura za Dk. Magufuli kati ya wilaya zote hapa nichini.

"Tunaomba kuhakikisha kwamba licha ya changamoto zetu wilaya ya Ngorongoro tutaongoza kitaifa kwa kumpiga kura Dk. Magufuli na ushindi wake ni asilimia ma moja na kwamba wagombea urais wa vyama vingine hawatapata kura".

Langwan Teu Mataji, kutoka Mkoa wa Tanga anasema, Rais Magufuli ni zawadi kutoka kwa Mungu kwa nchi ya Tanzania. Hivyo, wana kila sababu ya kumpiga kura kwa kuwa amepa heshima nichini katika sekta mbalimbali ikwemo elimu bure, ambapo watoto wa wafugaji wameongeza wigo wa kupata elimu.

Anasema, katika Mkoa wa Tanga kuna baadhi ya vijii vimepewa hati miliki,kwa apii ya shughuli za wafugaji pekee halii ambayo inadhishinsha bayana ni jinsi gani serikali ya awamu ya tano imewajali wafugaji.

"Mimi ni mkaizi wa Kijiji cha Msomera, ambacho tuna hati miliki inayonyesha kuwa ni kijiji cha wafugaji na kilimo hafiruhuswi katika vijii vyetu, licha ya uwepo wa wavamizi wanaotaka kuanzisha kilimo lakin tuna imani kubwa na Rais Magufuli.Wafugaji tutampiga kura, ili atuongoze kwa kipindi longeza cha miaka mitano."

Anasema, lili ya CCM ya mwaka 2020 imesheheni fursa nyngi zinahusu wafugaji, kwa kuwa Rais Magufuli akahidi anatekeleza hawana shaka juu ya lili hiyo.



Lipumba aahidi teknolojia ya uvuvi Mtera

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Isimani Mgombea urais wa Chama cha Wananchi (CUF), Profesa Ibrahim Lipumba amesema akichaguliwa, atapenyeza teknolojia nyingi ya ufugaji na uvuvi samaki katika Bwawa la Mtera liliopo mkoani Iringa.

Teknolojia hiyo amesema itasida kupunguza ukosefu wa ajira hasa kwa vijana nchini. Sambamba na hilo, ameahidi kutoa mtaji wa ufugaji samaki ili kuongeza uzalishaji na tija.

Aliyasema haya katika mukutano wa hadhara uliofanyika Migoli, Jimbo la Isimani alikokwuwa akimbaka kura jana.

"Najua hapa Iringa kuna wavuvi wa samaki katika Bwawa la Mtera lakini wengi wao wameshindwa kundeleta na shughuli za uvuvi kutoana na sababu mbalimbali ikiwamo ya kukamatwa na ushuru mkuubwa. Tunahitaji kulinda mazingira yenu ili haki ziweze kutendeka, tupeni kura zenu wavuvi muweze kupumua na kuwapunguzia ushuru na shughuli zenu ziweze kundeleta katika halanzuri," alisema Profesa Lipumba.

"Najua vijana wengi hamna ajira, niwhakikishile wavuvi wote hapa Mtera, ipo teknolojia nzuri ya kufuga samaki hasa kwenye mabwawa makubwa kama hili la Mtera, tunaomba kura zenu ili tuweze kuwapenyezea teknolojia hiyo mpya ya ufugaji samaki, tuweze mtaji wa kufuga samaki muweze kuongeza uzalishaji na

SEKTA MUHIMU NCHINI



Tanzania ina rasilimali nyingi za mifugo na uvuvi lakini mchango wake ni mdogo katika uchumi wa Taifa. Mwaka 2018/19, taarifa zinaonyesha sekta ya mifugo illichangia asilimia 7.6 wakati uvuvi illikuwa asilimia 1.7. Sababu za mchango mdogo ni uwerekaji mdogo wa sekta binafsi, uzalishaji duni viwandani na ukosefu wa mtaji na mazingira magumu ya kufanya blasbasha.

Kwa mwaka, Tanzania inatumia Sh100 billioni kuagiza samaki, mazwaa na nyama kutoka nje ya nchi na inatumia Sh251 billioni kuagiza chakula cha mifugo na samaki. Iwapo bldhaha hizi zingezaalisha nchini, inaanminika zingeleta ajira, kuongeza mapato na kukuza uchumi wa nchi.



Mgombea urais kwa tiketi ya CUF, Profesa Ibrahim Lipumba akizungumza na wanachama na wafasi wa chama hicho Picha na Janeth Joseph

mpate kipato kizuri cha kukidhi mahitaji yenu," alisema.

Mgombea huyo alisema samaki wana soko kubwa duniani na nchini na mahitaji yao ni makubwa, vijana wakiwezesha kuwa fuga kwa wingi kwa teknolojia ya kisa-sa, taitizo la ajira litapungua kwa kiwango kikubwa katika maeneo yenyi mito mikubwa na mabwawa.

"Tupeni kura zenu tukayasimamie mambo haya tuwape vijana wetu uwemo wa kutumia teknolojia bora kuzalisha samaki kwa wingi. Tanzania inakabiliwa na changamoto kubwa ya ajira kwa vijana na hii ni moja ya suluhisho," alisema Profesa Lipumba.

Gazeti hili lilizungumza na ba-

dhi ya vijana waliohudhuria mukutano huo ambao walieleza chan-gamoto wanazokabiliana nazozu ikiwamo ukosefu wa ajira.

"Vijana wengi hapa hatuna ajira, maisha yetu magumu sana na wapo wengine waliomaliza mpaka vyuo vikuu tunao hapa lakini hawana ajira. Ahadi kama hizi kama kweli zikitekelezwa, basi itakuwa mkombozi kwetu," alisema Mussa Rajabu mkazi wa Migoli.

Alisema ahadi za mgombea wa CUF zinazafarji na kuonyesha mwanga kwa sababu vijana wengi wa eneo hilo ni wavuvi, wakiwezesha kuwa na mabwawa ya kufugia yatawanua kuchumi hiyo kuondokana na utegemezi

kwa ndugu au marafiki hivyo kushiriki katika maendeleo ya Taifa lao.

Naye mgombea ubunge wa chama hicho Isimani, Nasma Upetu aliwaomba wananchi wa Jimbo hilo kumchagua ili akawasilishie kero zao na kusimamia utatuzi wake kwa manufaa ya wananchi wote.

"Najua mukutano wa leo sio wan-gulakini wananchi wa Isimani misi-fanye makosa, nichagueni mimi Oktoba 28 nikawasilishie kero zenu. Nitumeni nikawatumikie na mpigieni kura nyingi Profesa Lipumba kwa sababu ana ndoto kubwa ya kuwatumikia kwa dhati," alisema Nasma.

TAIFA

Lissu aahidi kuunda tume ya kuchunguza kero za wavuvi

Na Waandishi Wetu

MGOMBEA urais (CHADEMA) Tundu Lissi, jana alilazimika kutumia usafiri wa boti kwenda visiwa vya Ukerewe kuwafikia wapigakura baada ya kukosa kivuko ambacho ilidalwa kiko kwenye matengenezo.

Katika kampeni zake, Lissu alisema akiingia madarakani, Jambo la kwanza ataunda Tume ya Majaji wa Mahakama za Juu kuchunguza matukio yote ya kuumiza watu, kuteka watu, kutia umaskini ambayo yamefanyika kwenye mwambao wa Ziwa Nyasa, Ziwa Tanganyika na Ziwa Victoria, ili kufahamu nani aliamuru hayo kutokea, aliyetekeleza na kuchukua hatua kwa mujibu wa sheria za nchi.

"Hakuna sheria ya nchi inayosema ukikuta mtu Ziwa Tanganyia au Victoria adhabu yake kifo, mimi sijaona sheria ya namna hiyo, tutachunguza matukio yote ya mauaji ili tufahamu nani

aliyeamuru, aliyetekeleza na nani ashughulikiwe," alisema.

"Kwa sababu kuua ni kosa, lazima wote walioathirika walioiliwa ndugu zao wafidiwe, walioumizwa wafidiwe, walioitiwa umaskini wafidiwe," alisema.

Alisema jambo la pili litakalofanywa ni kubadili sheria na kanuni za uvuvi ili kuhakikisha mambo mabaya hayatokei kwa makundi hayo.

Lissu alisema jingine atakaloshughulikia ni miundombinu karibu na Kisorya ambako kuna umbali mdogo na Kisiwa cha Ukerewe chenye watu zaidi ya 300,000, akiahidi atajenga daraaja ili wapate usafiri wa uhakika.

Alisema alilazimika kutumia usafiri wa boti baada ya mara kadhaa kuambia kivuko hicho ni kibovu jambo ambalo kwake aliona ni mbinu kumzuia kuwafikia wananchi wa eneo hilo.

Akizungumza akiwa ndani ya boti hiyo. Lissu alisema zaidi ya mara mbili amefika eneo la Kiso-

rya ili kuvuka lakini alishindwa kwa sababu zilizotolewa na wasimamizi wa kivuko hicho.

"Nimepanda boti baada ya kukosa Kivuko cha kupanda, nilikuja wiki mbili zilizopita kwa ajili ya kampeni, lakini nilishindwa kupanda, yote hii ni kutuzuia tussivuke, lakini tumetumia usafiri mwininge na tumevuka salama, haya yote tumeona ni namna ya kutuzuia kupanda usafiri huo kuwafikia wananchi wa Ukerewe kwa ajili ya kuwafikishia taarifa.

"Kwetu ni Singida, hatuna ziwa, sijawahi kuogelea, lakini nikawaambia watu wangu kama ni kuogelea nitajifunza leo, lakini niende Ukerewe nikazungumze na wana Ukerewe, ninasikia polisi walitaka kuzuia huu mkutano, hawaruhusiwi kuzuia zaidi ya kulinda usalama. Nilisema hata wanizue lazima nije hapa.

"Poleni sana kwa haya, msivunjike moyo yana mwisho haya na mwisho wake ni Oktoba 28 mwaka huu. Ninawashukuru

kwa kuwa sehemu ya kitovu cha mabadiliko ya nchi hasa Kanda ya Ziwa," alisema.

Kwa mujibu wa Lissu, namina ya kumwenzi Baba wa Taifa siyo kuruhusu wanaomheshimu kutoa heshima alikolala, bali kuyaishi mawazo na fikra zake ambazo wengi wameshindwa kuyaenzi. Mgomea huyo alisema llani ya CHADEMA inazungumzia uhuru, haki na maendeleo ya watu na kwamba mwaka 1968 aliandika kitabu na kukidha 'Uhuru na Maendeleo', ambacho alisema maendeleo maana yake ni maendeleo ya watu na siyo vitu. Alisema wananchi wa kisiwa na maeneo hayo ni wavuvi, lakini hali zao ni mbaya kwa kuwa kuna waliopoteza maisha, kuchomewa nyavu na mitumbu na wengine wameishia kwenye umaskini mkubwa. "Ninasema mkinichagua Oktoba 28 mwaka huu, haya mambo ya kunyanaya wavuvi, kuwatia umaskini itakuwa ni mwisho," alisemi.

Tarehe 14/10/2020

Lissu: Tutatunga sheria wafugaji kulisha mifugo katika hifadhi

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Dar es Salaam. Mgombea wa Chadema wa urais, Tundu Lissu amesema akiwa Rais atatunga sheria itakayowaruhusu wafugaji kulisha mifugo kwenye hifadhi kama walivyoleta wakifanya kabilo ya kutangazwa kuwa za Taifa.

Pia, mgombea huyo amerudia hoja zake kuhusu kufuta vitambulisho vya wafanyabiashara wadogo vinavyotolewa kwa Sh20,000, kuanzisha bima ya afya kwa wote, kupunguza kodi kwa wachimbaji, kuboresha mapato ya wakulima, huku akisitiza mambo matatu ya ilani ya chama hachio; uhuru, haki na maendeleo ya watu.

Lissu alisema hayo jana katika mikutano yake ya kampeni iliyofanyika Bulyankulu wilayani Kahama, na pia wilaya za Mbogwe na Bukombe mkoani Geita, maeneo ambayo shughuli za kauchumi ni pamoja na kilimo, ufugaji, uvuvi na uchimbaji madini, huku yakiwa karibu na hifadhi.

Alisema kabilo kutangazwa kuwa hifadhi za Taifa, wafugaji waliku-wapo na walikuwa wakuishi vizuri na wanyamapori bila kuathiri mazingira kama inavyodaiwa.

"Tarehe 29 itakayofuata (siku moja baada ya kupiga kura) haku m mtaa atakamatiwa mifugo yake tena kwa sababu nitapitisha sheria itakayoruhusu wafugaji kuchunga katika maeneo ya hifadhi kama ambavyo walikuwa wakichungu kahla ya hifadhi hajizatangaza," alisema Lissu huko akishangiliwa.

Mbungo huyo wa zamani wa Singida Mashariki alisema wafugaji wa Mbogwe na maeneo mengine ya jirani wamekuwa

wakinyang'anywa mifugo yao kwa kisingizio cha kulisha katika hifadhi za Taifa.

Lissu pia alisema atapunguza utitri wa kodi kwa wachimbaji wadogo, kuboresha hali za wafanyakazi na kurekebisha uchakatua jai wa mafao yao, akiahidi kutenda haki kwa kila mwanzanchi ili afurie maisha.

"Tupeni Serikali, rutaondoa huu utitri wote wa kodi mnazolipa, tunataka wachimbaji wadogo msuafike na madini yenu," alisema Lissu wakati akizungumza na wananchi wa Kata ya Bulyankulu wilayani Kahama.

Kuhusu vitambulisho vya wafanyabiashara wadogo, Lissu alisema alirudia kauli yake kuwa atavifuta na atawataka wahokusanya fedha hizo kuzirudisha kwa wananchi.

"Hivi vitambulisho vya wafanyabiashara ni wizi mtupu. Hatuwezi kuacha viendelee kutolewa, tutavifuta na kuwalazimusha wanaokusanya hizo fedha kuzirudisha," alisema Lissu.

Alisema wachimbaji wadogo wamekuwa wakitoza kodi kwa kila hatua wanayofanya kuanzia kuingia shimoji mpaka hatua ya kuuza madini yao.

Akizungumzia suala ya kodi, mchimbaji mdogo wa Bulyankulu, Mashaka Masalu alikiri kwamba kuna kodi nyinji ambazo wanatoza ikwemo katambulisho cha mfanyakibashara.

"Tumeambiwa ukitaka kuchimba madini lazima uwe na katambulisho, kwa hayo tumelipia Sh20,000 kupata katambulisho. Ukipileka mchanga kwenye karasha kuna tozo yake, ukitaka kuuza madini yako pia kuna kodi lazima ulipe," alisema.

NUKUU

"Tutapeleka muswada bungeni kuruhusu wafugaji kulisha kwenye hifadhi, slo dhambl"

Tundu Lissu



Mgombea urais kwa tiketi ya Chadema, Tundu Lissu akipungia mkononi wananchi na wa Bukombe walipohudhuria mikutano wake wa kampeni mkoani Geita, Jana. Na

FOR THE last two years, TDB has been implementing a School Milk Funding Programme (SMFP), and strong efforts to improve milk production and reduce transmission.

The much programme was spearheaded by Her Excellency Dr. Jane Aman, First Lady of Tanzania, through DAIER, creating the panel act under the theme of improving the health status of pupils and protecting children drinking water from the programme levels.

The World Health Organisation (WHO) recommends that an individual needs to drink at least 200 litres of milk in a year, whereas we notice that the milk uptake level is 10 litres yearly per capita.

The programme was well supported by key dairy stakeholders like Tazara and Tanganyika dairy groups. The purpose was to create stable demand for milk, linking milk yields and incomes among small scale dairy farmers.

During the 14 year period, the programme saw the levels of use, worth at 2000 litres distributed to pupils in 200 primary schools nationwide. For the close to 200,000 pupils in new regions, namely Kilimanjaro, Arusha, Tanga, Dar es Salaam, Mtwara, Pwani, Njombe, Shinyanga, Kagera and Mara.

Health researchers have shown that the programme contributed to improving children's immune systems and physical health, playing a key role in containing pneumonia, school absenteeism and the quality of life of the pupils local area, a phasing out of the long existing Herder Inter national sponsorship package was decided to avoid affecting a move which saw us cut down the number of beneficiaries from 1100 to 800 a second of the previous number.

People on the schools were recruited from among the vital services as the programme remains in three regions, namely Kilimanjaro, Arusha, Tanga and Mtwara regions. At an earlier interview with The Guardian, Asst. State Registrar of TDB said the strategy involved a series of initiatives that the board is taking to improve the general performance of the sector ranging from improving milk production, marketing, processing as well as consumption in different communities.

The board is engaged in various research activities like the Tanzanian Research Institute (TRI) and the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) in a common quest towards government, community and other stakeholders to start adopting improved dairy technologies.

The outcome will see more people getting access to better things such as research, and more committed to introduce hybrid dairy cattle breeds. Hybrid through artificial insemination (AI) between dairy cattle and animal ones.

"The focus is to see all farmers having more production by keeping hybrid dairy cattle in order to increase their milk production capacities," he said.

The ongoing programme, apart from increasing production, aims to lead dairy cattle projects, targets being them with better research centres for more

TDB pondering next step as school milk programme is whittled down

and making sure relating to improved dairy cattle.

When it reaches intended levels, the initiative will play a major role in increasing milk yields among farmers, supporting local milk processors to improve production and distribution, he noted.

There are also plans to train participants on introducing recommended health practices for milking their cattle in order to process more to obtain the right quality of fresh milk for high grade milk production.

On Saturday in Nachingwea, the Permanent Secretary for Livestock attended the last ever cattle statistics during an event to mark this year's World School Milk Funding Week held at Kilimanjaro Region.

He said, Tanzania is placed second in the continent for having large number of livestock currently with at least 34 million cows, one of which 15 million are for herd dairy cows and 19 million are traditional types.

During 2019/20, the country produced 10 billion litres of milk, one of which 2.1 billion was produced from indigenous cows and the others came from hybrid cows.

However, the milk produced is still not reflecting the country's actual demand, hence the need to import milk from other countries.

For instance, during 2017/18, Tanzania imported liquid milk equivalent of 1.5 million litres, while for 2018/19 milk imports stood at 1.6 million litres.

However, the realization of the 1.10 included highly truck transportation, the country's importance of fresh milk kept declining.

However, records show that Tanzania has since fully managed to increase the numbers of crossbred dairy cattle from 260,000 in 2017/18 to 1,200,000 in 2018/19, a change which saw the country's milk production expand from 2.6 billion litres to 2.7 billion litres.

One among the top challenges, trapping the country's milk processing industry is poor supply of milk from dairy farmers.

Itstrategic says the poor supply is attributed to an friendly agricultural road administration networks that traverse farmers and try to timely send milk to processors.

To address the setbacks, the board is looking forward to expand availability of milk collection bank centres in rural areas with substantial dairy cat farmers, he said.

Milk collection centres will be being placed by TDB in different areas where some centres have been installed with special milk cooling units to safely preserve milk for a week, with the capacity to cool 10,000 litres a day.

TDB will continue working with key stakeholders, including milk processors, to educate and motivate farmers to form groups in order to improve clusters of trading their milk via milk collection centres.

Collection centres are usually to farmers as they ensure them with reliable market for their milk production, with the farmers paid on a monthly basis for the amount, he asserted.



Many farmers, especially regular for the Tanzania Dairy Board, receive training during a visit to dairy farms in Arusha Region. Photo: Correspondent/Photo: Correspondent

The country has 100 million litres per day but with capacity to produce

farmers, the available production capacity

due to low production and availability of milk from

the full production capacity of the factories, need to deal with 100% excess of all home-based milk producers. It is recommended to end the formal processing system to be started.

TDB relies on private sector assistance to invest in more facilities in order to improve availability of milk and performance of the collection centres.

TDB also wants to make a complementary series of processing factories to support and offer help to pastoralists over here to upgrade the further milk production.

Out of the 20 registered milk加工 currently operating in Tanzania, only five factories have successfully managed to be in Mila High Temperature (MHT) processing that takes the milk worth 100%.

The factories are Arusha, Tanga, Mbeya, Mwanza,多多尼 and Arusha which collect enough milk

from farmers, among breakneck levels.

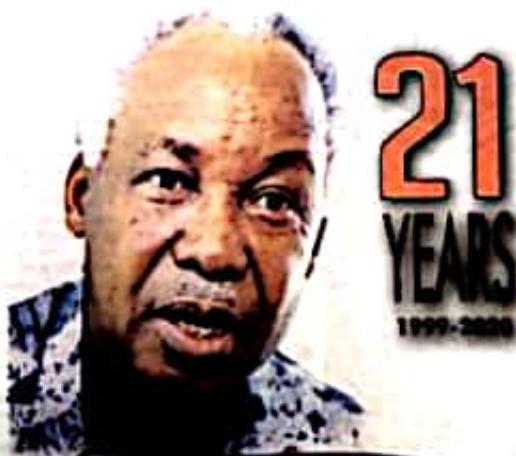
There is also an expectation of reviving and improving coverage of the School Milk Funding Program, as TDB now seeks collective support from other ministries and key stakeholders.

TDB continues discussions to see the possibility to measure the School Milk and PMT. Regional Administrators and Local Government to work with the Farmers' association and the board to set up a reliable and sustainable way for ensuring enough a primary education funds from free milk production, he explained.

The Tanzania Dairy Board (TDB) was established under the Dairy Farmers' Law Act of 2004. The board was incorporated on 1st November 2005 with a mandate to develop, promote and regulate dairy industry in Tanzania.



IN MEMORIAL OF MWALIMU JULIUS KAMBARAGE NYERERE



Management and Staff of Arusha International conference centre join His Excellency Dr. John

Pombe Magufuli and all Tanzanians to commemorate the 21st memorial Anniversary of the passing of Father of the Nation, Mwalimu Julius Kambarage Nyerere.

Mwalimu, a true son of Africa, will best be remembered for his integrity, his ability as a political orator and organizer, and his readiness to work with different groupings, to achieve what was best for a stable, peaceful nation.

"We Bring The World To Tanzania"

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Majira Uk.11 Tarehe

14/10/2020

**Katibu Mkuu
Wizara ya Mifugo
na Uvuvi (Uvuvi),
Dkt. Rashid
Tamatarnah
(kulia) akifafanua
jambo kwemeye
banda la Wizara
ya Mifugo na
Uvuvi baada ya
Mgeni rasmi
kwenye uzinduzi
wa Maadhimisho
ya Kitaifa ya
Siku ya Chakula
Duniani ambaye
pia Naibu Waziri
wa Kilimo,
Ommary Mgumba
(kushoto)
kutembelea
banda hilo
mwishoni mwa
wiki mkoani
Njombe. (Na
Mpigapicha Wetu)**



Nipashe Uk.10 Tarehe

14/10/2020



goza genge la uhalifu, ufuaji na uba-

luku kesi niyo ikipangwa kutajwa tena
Oktoba 26, 2020.

Ofisa Uvuvi Mwandomizi Nelson Mbawala (kushoto), akitoa maelezo ya jinsi ufugaji bora wa samaki unavyofanyika, kwenye mabanda ya Wizara ya Mifugo na Uvuvi, katika maonyesho ya maadhimisho ya Siku ya Chakula Duniani kitaifa, yanayoendelea kwenye viwanja vya Mjimwema mkoani Njombe **MPIGAPICHA WETU**